SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Table of Contents

Serial number	Title	Page				
Supplementary Table 1	Checklist of the PRISMA extension for network meta- analysis	2-5				
Supplementary Table 2	Search strategies	6				
Supplementary Table 3	Checklist for quality assessment and scoring using Newcastle-Ottawa Scale					
Supplementary Table 4	Quality assessment of included retrospective studies	8				
Supplementary Table 5	Assessment of transitivity	9				
Supplementary Table 6	Results of global heterogeneity and local heterogeneity	10-11				
Supplementary Table 7	Node-splitting analysis of inconsistency					
Supplementary Table 8	Comparisons of the fitness of consistency and inconsistency models using deviance information criteria	14				
Supplementary Table 9	Ranking results for overall survival (OS) and disease-free survival (DFS)	15				
Supplementary Table 10	Rank results for OS and DFS in the sensitivity analysis	16				
Supplementary Table 11Ranking results for overall survival (OS) and disease-free survival (DFS) in the subgroup analysis.						
Supplementary Figure 1 Supplementary Figure 1						
Supplementary Figure 2	Boxplots for distribution of mean age, percentage female, sample size, publication year, percentage R0 and N0 across comparisons	19				
Supplementary Figure 3	Network plots of comparisons on overall survival of treatments in subgroups analyses	20				
Supplementary Figure 4	League tables of the network meta-analysis in subgroup analyses	21				
Supplementary Figure 5 Network plots of comparisons on disease-free survival of treatments in subgroups analyses						
Supplementary Figure 6	Pooled estimates of the sensitivity analysis	23				
Supplementary Figure 7	The 'comparison-adjusted' funnel plot in network meta- analysis to assess funnel plot asymmetry on the efficacy outcomes	24				

Supplementary Table 1. Checklist of the PRISMA extension for network meta-analysis.

Section/topic	Item #	Checklist item*	Reported on Page #
TITLE			
Title	1	Identify the report as a systematic review incorporating a network meta-analysis (or related form of meta-analysis).	1
ABSTRACT			
Structured summary	2	 Provide a structured summary including, as applicable: Background: main objectives; Methods: data sources; study eligibility criteria, participants, and interventions; study appraisal and <i>synthesis methods, such as network meta-analysis.</i> Results: number of studies and participants identified; summary estimates with corresponding confidence/credible intervals; <i>treatment rankings may also be discussed. Authors may choose to summarize pairwise comparisons against a chosen treatment included in their analyses for brevity.</i> Discussion/Conclusions: limitations; conclusions and implications of findings. Other: primary source of funding; systematic review registration number with registry name. 	2-3
INTRODUCTION			
Rationale	3	Describe the rationale for the review in the context of what is already known, <i>including mention of why a network meta-</i> <i>analysis has been conducted</i> .	4-7
Objectives	4	Provide an explicit statement of questions being addressed with reference to participants, interventions, comparisons, outcomes, and study design (PICOS).	5-7
METHODS			
Protocol and registration	5	Indicate if a review protocol exists, if and where it can be accessed (e.g., Web address), and, if available, provide registration information including registration number.	/
Eligibility criteria	6	Specify study characteristics (e.g., PICOS, length of follow-up) and report characteristics (e.g., years considered, language, publication status) used as criteria for eligibility, giving rationale. <i>Clearly describe eligible treatments included in the treatment network, and note whether any have been clustered or merged into the same node (with justification).</i>	7-8
Information sources	7	Describe all information sources (e.g., databases with dates of coverage, contact with study authors to identify additional studies) in the search and date last searched.	7
Search	8	Present full electronic search strategy for at least one database, including any limits used, such that it could be repeated.	Supplemental Material page 6
Study selection	9	State the process for selecting studies (i.e., screening, eligibility, included in systematic review, and, if applicable,	9

Section/topic	Item #	Checklist item*	Reported on Page #
		included in the meta-analysis).	
Data collection process	10	Describe method of data extraction from reports (e.g., piloted forms, independently, in duplicate) and any processes for obtaining and confirming data from investigators.	8-9
Data items	11	List and define all variables for which data were sought (e.g., PICOS, funding sources) and any assumptions and simplifications made.	8-9
Geometry of the network	S1	Describe methods used to explore the geometry of the treatment network under study and potential biases related to it. This should include how the evidence base has been graphically summarized for presentation, and what characteristics were compiled and used to describe the evidence base to readers.	9
Risk of bias in individual studies	12	Describe methods used for assessing risk of bias of individual studies (including specification of whether this was done at the study or outcome level), and how this information is to be used in any data synthesis.	10-11
Summary measures	13	State the principal summary measures (e.g., risk ratio, difference in means). Also describe the use of additional summary measures assessed, such as treatment rankings and surface under the cumulative ranking curve (SUCRA) values, as well as modified approaches used to present summary findings from meta-analyses.	9-10
Synthesis of results	14	Describe the methods of handling data and combining results of studies for each network meta-analysis. This should include, but not be limited to: • Handling of multi-arm trials; • Selection of variance structure; • Selection of prior distributions in Bayesian analyses; and • Assessment of model fit.	10
Assessment of Inconsistency	S2	Describe the statistical methods used to evaluate the agreement of direct and indirect evidence in the treatment network(s) studied. Describe efforts taken to address its presence when found.	10
Risk of bias across studies	15	Specify any assessment of risk of bias that may affect the cumulative evidence (e.g., publication bias, selective reporting within studies).	11
Additional analyses	16	 Describe methods of additional analyses, if done, indicating which were pre-specified. This may include, but not be limited to the following: Sensitivity or subgroup analyses; Meta-regression analyses; Alternative formulations of the treatment network; and Use of alternative prior distributions for Bayesian analyses (if applicable). 	11
RESULTS			
Study selection	17	Give numbers of studies screened, assessed for eligibility, and included in the review, with reasons for exclusions at each	11& Figure 1

Section/topic	Item #	Checklist item*	Reported on Page #
		stage, ideally with a flow diagram.	
Presentation of network structure	S3	Provide a network graph of the included studies to enable visualization of the geometry of the treatment network	18 & Figure 2
Summary of network geometry	S4	Provide a brief overview of characteristics of the treatment network. This may include commentary on the abundance of trials and randomized patients for the different interventions and pairwise comparisons in the network, gaps of evidence in the treatment network, and potential biases reflected by the network structure.	18
Study characteristics	18	For each study, present characteristics for which data were extracted (e.g., study size, PICOS, follow-up period) and provide the citations.	13-15 & Table 1
Risk of bias within studies	19	Present data on risk of bias of each study and, if available, any outcome level assessment (see item 12).	16 & Supplemental Material page 7-8 and page18
Results of individual studies	20	For all outcomes considered (benefits or harms), present, for each study:1) simple summary data for each intervention group, and 2) effect estimates and confidence/credible intervals. <i>Modified approaches may be needed to deal with information from larger networks</i> .	16-17
Synthesis of results	21	Present results of each meta-analysis done, including confidence/credible intervals. In larger networks, authors may focus on comparisons versus a particular comparator (e.g. placebo or standard care), with full findings presented in an appendix. League tables and forest plots may be considered to summarize pairwise comparisons. If additional summary measures were explored (such as treatment rankings), these should also be presented.	17-18
Exploration for inconsistency	S5	Describe results from investigations of inconsistency. This may include such information as measures of model fit to compare consistency and inconsistency models, P values from statistical tests, or summary of inconsistency estimates from different parts of the treatment network.	17
Risk of bias across studies	22	Present results of any assessment of risk of bias across studies (see Item 15).	21
Additional analysis	23	Give results of additional analyses, if done (e.g., sensitivity or subgroup analyses, meta-regression, <i>alternative network geometries studied, alternative choice of prior distributions for Bayesian analyses,</i> and so forth [see Item 16]).	19-21
DISCUSSION			
Summary of evidence	24	Summarize the main findings including the strength of evidence for each main outcome; consider their relevance to key groups (e.g., healthcare providers, users, and policy makers).	21-22
Limitations	25	Discuss limitations at study and outcome level (e.g., risk of bias), and at review-level (e.g., incomplete retrieval of identified research, reporting bias). Comment on the validity of the assumptions, such as transitivity and consistency. Comment on any concerns regarding network geometry (e.g., avoidance of certain comparisons).	24-25

Section/topic	Item #	Checklist item*	Reported on Page #
Conclusions	26	Provide a general interpretation of the results in the context of other evidence, and implications for future research.	22-24
FUNDING			
Funding	27	Describe sources of funding for the systematic review and other support (e.g., supply of data); role of funders for the systematic review.	27

PRISMA = Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analysis; PICOS = population, intervention, comparators, outcomes, study design.

*Text in italics indicates wording specific to reporting of network meta-analyses that has been added to guidance from the PRISMA statement.

5

Supplementary Table 2. Search strategies

Database	Query	Results
Pubmed	(((((((""Biliary Tract Neoplasms""[Mesh]) OR ""Bile Duct Neoplasms""[Mesh]) OR ""Gallbladder Neoplasms""[Mesh]) OR ""Cholangiocarcinoma""[Mesh]) OR Biliary Tract Cancer) OR ""Biliary Tract Neoplasms"") OR ""Bile duct cancer"")) AND ((((((""Chemoradiotherapy, Adjuvant""[Mesh]) OR Radiotherapy, Adjuvant[Mesh]) OR ""Chemotherapy, Adjuvant""[Mesh]) OR ""Adjuvants, Immunologic""[Mesh]) OR ""adjuvant therapy"") OR ""adjuvant treatment"")) AND ((((((""Clinical Study"" [Publication Type]) OR ""Observational Study"" [Publication Type]) OR ""Clinical Trial"" [Publication Type]) OR case control study) OR ""Case-Control Studies""[Mesh]) OR (((random) OR control) OR randomized control trial))	509
Embase	(('biliary tract cancer'/exp OR 'biliary tract tumor'/exp OR 'bile duct tumor'/exp OR 'gallbladder tumor'/exp OR 'bile duct carcinoma'/exp OR 'biliary tract cancer' OR 'biliary tract neoplasms' OR 'bile duct neoplasms' OR 'bile duct cancer' OR 'gallbladder cancer' OR cholangiocarcinoma) AND ('adjuvant therapy'/exp OR 'adjuvant chemotherapy'/exp OR 'adjuvant radiotherapy'/exp OR 'adjuvant chemotherapy'/exp OR 'adjuvant treatment') AND ('clinical article'/de OR 'clinical study'/de OR 'clinical trial'/de OR 'clinical trial (topic)'/de OR 'cohort analysis'/de OR 'comparative effectiveness'/de OR 'comparative study'/de OR 'controlled clinical trial'/de OR 'controlled study'/de OR 'major clinical study'/de OR 'phase 2 clinical trial (topic)'/de OR 'phase 3 clinical trial (topic)'/de OR 'prospective study'/de OR 'retrospective study'/de) AND ([adult]/lim OR [aged]/lim OR [middle aged]/lim OR [very elderly]/lim OR [young adult]/lim))	892
CINAHL	((Biliary Tract Cancer OR "bile duct cancer" OR "Gallbladder" OR "biliary tract neoplasm" OR "Cholangiocarcinoma") AND ("adjuvant therapy" OR "adjuvant treatment" OR "adjuvant chemotherapy" OR "adjuvant radiotherapy" OR "adjuvant Chemoradiotherapy" OR "adjuvant radiochemotherapy"))	274
Cochrane	("MeSH: [Biliary Tract Neoplasms]"/exp OR "MeSH: [cholangiocarcinoma]"/exp OR ("Biliary Tract Cancer"):ti,ab,kw) AND ("MeSH: [Radiotherapy, Adjuvant]"/exp OR "MeSH: [Chemotherapy, Adjuvant]"/exp OR "MeSH: [Chemoradiotherapy, Adjuvant]"/exp OR "Adjuvant therapy" OR "Adjuvant treatment")	52
clinicaltrials.gov	(("Biliary Tract Cancer" OR "bile duct cancer" OR "Gallbladder" OR "Cholangiocarcinoma") AND "Adjuvant")	46

6

Supplementary Table 3. Checklist for quality assessment and scoring using Newcastle-Ottawa Scale.

Checklist items
Selection
1. How representative was the treatment group in comparison for BTC?
• If yes, one star;
• No star if the patients were selected or selection of group was not described.
2. How representative was the observation group in comparison for BTC?
• If drawn from the same community as the treatment group, one star;
• No star if drawn from a different source or selection of group was not described.
3. Ascertainment of treatment: secure record or structured interview?
• If the treatment were confirmed from surgical records or databases (eg NCDB or SEER), one
star;
• No star if it was not described.
4. Demonstration that outcome of interest was not present at start of study.
• Yes, one star;
• No, no star.
Comparability
5. Group comparable for age, sex, primary tumour site, resection margin status, tumour stage,
lymph node status, distant metastasis.
• If yes, two stars;
• One star was assigned if one of these eight characteristics was differed in groups or not reported.
• No star was assigned if there are at least 3 characteristics in the groups differed.
Outcome
6. Assessment of outcome?
• One star if for information ascertained by record lincage or independent blind assessment;
• No star if this information was not reported.
7. Was follow-up long enough for outcomes to occur?
• Yes, one star if the follow-up period was 5 years or more;
• No, no star if the follow-up period was less than 5 years or this information was not reported.

8. Adequacy of follow-up.

• One star if follow-up 90%;

• No star if this information was not reported.

		Salaa	tion		Comparability	Outcome				
Study		Selec	uon		assessment			ent	Score	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
Todorokia 2000	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	*	9	
Jiang 2010	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	
Kim 2011	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	-	8	
Kobayashi 2012	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	*	9	
Dover 2016	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	7	
Kim 2016	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	7	
Morine 2017	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	-	8	
Gu 2017	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	-	8	
Akahoshi 2018	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	-	8	
Bergeat 2018	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	-	8	
Hester 2018	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	-	8	
Zheng 2018	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	*	9	
Choudhary 2019	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	7	
Im 2021	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	*	9	
Miyata 2021	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	-	8	
Wan 2021	*	*	*	*	**	*	*	*	9	

Supplementary Table 4. Quality assessment of included retrospective studies.

Std.Error

Sig.

95% CI

Mean Diff.

	ART vs. Observation	-3.594	2.710	0.557	-11.150 to 3.961
Age*	ACRT vs. Observation	-1.327	2.430	0.947	-8.100 to 5.445
	ACT vs. Observation	1.416	2.012	0.895	-4.192 to 7.024
	ACRT vs. ART	2.267	3.178	0.891	-6.592 to 11.130
	ACT vs. ART	5.010	2.872	0.327	-2.994 to 13.010
	ACT vs. ACRT	2.743	2.608	0.722	-4.527 to 10.010
	ART vs. Observation	0.81	9.782	0.9998	-25.46 to 27.09
	ACRT vs. Observation	11.09	7.547	0.47	-9.19 to 31.36
Percentage female	ACT vs. Observation	6.10	6.485	0.78	-11.33 to 23.52
	ACRT vs. ART	10.28	10.78	0.78	-18.68 to 39.23
	ACT vs. ART	5.28	10.06	0.95	-21.75 to 32.32
	ACT vs. ACRT	-4.99	7.91	0.92	-26.24 to 16.26
	ART vs. Observation	-145.1	157.3	0.793	-567.7 to 277.5
	ACRT vs. Observation	-25.2	121.4	0.996	-351.3 to 300.8
	ACT vs. Observation	-44.7	104.3	0.973	-324.9 to 235.5
Sample size	ACRT vs. ART	119.9	173.4	0.900	-345.8 to 585.6
	ACT vs. ART	100.4	161.9	0.925	-334.5 to 535.2
	ACT vs. ACRT	-19.5	127.2	0.999	-361.2 to 322.2
	ART vs. Observation	-3.750	2.633	0.492	-10.8 to 3.323
	ACRT vs. Observation	1.375	2.031	0.905	-4.082 to 6.832
	ACT vs. Observation	2.231	1.746	0.582	-2.459 to 6.920
Publication year	ACRT vs. ART	5.125	2.901	0.305	-2.669 to 12.92
	ACT vs. ART	5.981	2.709	0.139	-1.297 to 13.2
	ACT vs. ACRT	0.856	2.129	0.978	-4.864 to 6.575
	ART vs. Observation	-12.66	17.17	0.881	-58.75 to 33.42
	ACRT vs. Observation	7.61	13.97	0.947	-29.87 to 45.09
	ACT vs. Observation	3.64	12.52	0.991	-29.95 to 37.23
Percentage R0	ACRT vs. ART	20.27	18.70	0.701	-29.90 to 70.44
	ACT vs. ART	16.30	17.64	0.792	-31.03 to 63.64
	ACT vs. ACRT	-3.97	14.54	0.993	-42.98 to 35.03
	ART vs. Observation	19.33	11.23	0.332	-11.32 to 49.99
	ACRT vs. Observation	-14.00	7.74	0.291	-35.13 to 7.13
	ACT vs. Observation	-10.90	5.99	0.285	-27.24 to 5.44
Percentage N0	ACRT vs. ART	-33.33	12.43	0.056	-67.27 to 0.60
	ACT vs. ART	-30.24	11.42	0.060	-61.41 to 0.94
1	ACT vs. ACRT	3.10	8.01	0.980	-18.78 to 24.97
The characteristics in	cluded age, percentage fer	nale, sample size	e, publication v	ear, percentage	e R0 and N0 have

Supplementary Table 5. Assessment of transitivity.

Comparisons

Items

The characteristics included age, percentage female, sample size, publication year, percentage R0 and N0 have been evaluated in the network. All the comparisons had similar mean age and other main characteristics with P-value over 0.05.

* Median age was given instead of mean age in the Bergeat, Dover, Miyata, Gu, and Edeline studies. Information of age in the Jiang, Kobayashi, Akahoshi, Ebata, Choudhary, Im (2021), and Wan studies were presented as younger or older than a specific age that couldn't be integrated into the figure.

Supplementary Table 6. Results of global heterogeneity and local heterogeneity.

	Lo	cal				
Comparisons	Pair- wise (I ²)	Network (I ²)	Between study variance (τ^2)	Pair-wise (I ²)	Consistency effect (I ²)	Heterogeneity assessment
Overall survival for BT	C natients		vuriance (t)			
ACT vs Observation	20.3%	20.2%				
ART vs Observation	0.0%	81.9%				
ACRT vs Observation	33.4%	47.5%				
ACT vs ART	0.0%	49.4%	0.022	0.0%	19.4%	Low to high
ACRT vs ART	0.0%	28.8%				
ACRT vs ACT	0.0%	0.0%				
Overall survival for BT	C patients	with R0 res	ection margin	I		
ACT vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%				
ART vs Observation	NA	0.0%				
ACRT vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%	0.070	0.0(0)	0.00/	Low to
ACT vs ART	NA	0.0%	0.069	0.96%	0.0%	moderate
ACRT vs ART	0.0%	0.0%				
ACRT vs ACT	33.5%	21.6%				
Overall survival for BT	C patients	with R1 res	ection margin			
ACT vs Observation	33.8%	36.5%				
ART vs Observation	0.0%	34.5%				
ACRT vs Observation	28.1%	28.5%	0.170	24.00/	12 50/	Low to
ACT vs ART	NA	0.0%	0.179	24.9%	15.570	moderate
ACRT vs ART	NA	0.0%				
ACRT vs ACT	NA	0.0%				
Overall survival for GB	C patients					
ACT vs Observation	44.1%	45.0%				L orv. to
ACRT vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%	0.028	12.1%	6.0%	Low to moderate
ACRT vs ACT	0.0%	0.0%				moderate
Overall survival for CC	A patients					
ACT vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%				
ART vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%				
ACRT vs Observation	66.7%	93.7%	0.064	0.0%	25.8%	Low to high
ACT vs ART	0.0%	47.7%	0.004	0.070	23.070	Low to high
ACRT vs ART	0.0%	17.6%				
ACRT vs ACT	0.0%	0.0%				
Overall survival for BT	C patients i	in Asia		ſ		1
ACT vs Observation	56.5%	57.0%				
ART vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%				
ACRT vs Observation	71.6%	91.7%	0 271	27.5%	64.9%	Low to high
ACT vs ART	0.0%	9.8%	0.271	2,,		20 to the men
ACRT vs ART	0.0%	0.0%				
ACRT vs ACT	0.0%	0.0%				
Overall survival for BT	C patients i	n Western		I	[
ACT vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%	0.007	0.00/	0.00/	T
ART vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%	0.007	0.0%	0.0%	Low
ACK1 VS AC1	0.0%	U.U%	ham4 m of			
A CT up Observation	C patients		tant-metastasis			
ACT vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%				
ACT vs Observation	22 10/	UJ.2%				
ACT VS ODServation	0.00/	41.0%	0.011	0.0%	1.7%	Low to high
	0.0%	42./%				_
	0.0%	20.0%				
Disease-free survival fo	1 0.070 r BTC nati	0.070				
Discase-ince survival 10	i Di Cipati					

ACT vs Observation	6.1%	6.6%							
ART vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%							
ACRT vs Observation	20.0%	82.2%	0.017	0.0%	0.0%	Low to high			
ACT vs ART	0.0%	0.0%	0.017	0.070	0.070	Low to high			
ACRT vs ART	0.0%	0.0%							
ACRT vs ACT	0.0%	0.0%							
Disease-free survival fo	r GBC pati	ents							
ACT vs Observation	75.0%	48.1%							
ACRT vs Observation	9.7%	0.0%	0.169	51.2%	34.1%	Low to high			
ACRT vs ACT	3.7%	0.0%							
Disease-free survival fo	r CCA pati	ents							
ACT vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%							
ART vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%							
ACRT vs Observation	35.0%	47.0%	0.020	0.0%	0.09/	Low to			
ACT vs ART	0.0%	0.0%	0.029	0.070	0.070	moderate			
ACRT vs ART	0.0%	0.0%							
ACRT vs ACT	0.0%	0.0%							
Disease-free survival fo	r BTC pati	ents in Asia	l						
ACT vs Observation	32.8%	32.4%							
ART vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%							
ACRT vs Observation	35.8%	67.6%	0.067	0.0%	0.09/	Low to high			
ACT vs ART	0.0%	0.0%	0.007	0.0%	0.0%	Low to high			
ACRT vs ART	0.0%	0.0%							
ACRT vs ACT	0.0%	0.0%							
Disease-free survival fo	r BTC pati	ents in Wes	stern						
ACT vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%							
ACRT vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%	0.023	0.0%	0.0%	Low			
ACRT vs ACT	NA	NA							
Disease-free survival fo	Disease-free survival for BTC patients for patients without distant-metastasis								
ACT vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%							
ART vs Observation	0.0%	0.0%							
ACRT vs Observation	20.0%	38.7%	0.012	0.0%	0.0%	Low to			
ACT vs ART	0.0%	0.0%	0.012	0.070	0.070	moderate			
ACRT vs ART	0.0%	0.0%							
ACRT vs ACT	0.0%	0.0%							

The numbers with high heterogeneity are in bold (We inferred the magnitude of heterogeneity by comparing the estimated $\tau 2$ to empirical distributions of heterogeneity typically found in meta-analyses. Low heterogeneity could be considered when the estimated τ^2 is less than the 25% quantile of the empirical distribution, moderate heterogeneity for τ^2 between 25% and 50% quantile, and high heterogeneity for τ^2 larger than the 50% quantile.). NA=Not available, because only one study was included in this type of comparison; ACT=Adjuvant Chemotherapy; ART=Adjuvant Radiotherapy; ACRT=Adjuvant Chemoradiation therapy; R0=negative resection margins; R1=microscopic positive resection margins; GBC=gallbladder cancer; CCA= cholangiocarcinoma.

Supplementary Table 7. Node-splitting analysis of inconsistency.

Comparison	Direct effect	Indirect effect	Overall	Р
		lnHR (95% Cl)		
Overall survival for B	FC patients			
ACRT, ACT	0.24 (0.02, 0.51)	0.10 (-0.30, 0.58)	0.18 (-0.01, 0.40)	0.52
ACRT, ART	1.3 (0.63, 1.90)	-0.56 (-1.10, -0.08)		0.0000
ACT, ART	0.60 (0.05, 1.10)	-0.66 (-1.10, -0.18)	-0.31 (-0.71, 0.16)	0.001
ACRT, Observation	0.35 (0.07, 0.73)	0.83 (0.25, 1.60)	0.35 (0.18, 0.61)	0.15
ACT, Observation	0.24 (-0.03, 0.54)	0.19 (-0.52, 0.94)	0.17 (0.02, 0.38)	0.89
ART, Observation	0.70 (0.29, 1.10)	-0.92 (-2.90, 1.10)	0.48 (0.07, 0.86)	0.13
Overall survival for B	IC patients with R0 resec	ction margin	0.41 (0.16.1.20)	0.42
ACRT, ACT	1.2 (-0.82, 3.3)	0.35 (-0.31, 1.2)	0.41 (-0.16, 1.20)	0.43
ACRI, ARI	NA	NA	NA	NA 0.50
ACI, ARI	0.92 (-1.30, 3.20)	0.05 (-2.20, 2.30)	0.53 (-1.00, 2.10)	0.58
ACRT, Observation	0.49 (-0.03, 1.20)	1.4 (-0.69, 3.40)	0.53 (0.07, 1.20)	0.41
ACT, Observation	0.14 (-0.40, 0.65)	-0.24 (-2.00, 1.60)	0.12 (-0.35, 0.54)	0.69
ART, Observation	0.37 (-1.80, 2.40)	-0.90 (-3.00, 1.20)	-0.41 (-2.00, 1.10)	0.41
Overall survival for B	IC patients with RI resec	ction margin	0.60.60.20.1.60	0.07
ACRI, ACI	0.60 (-0.69, 1.90)	0.57 (-0.80, 1.80)	0.68 (-0.32, 1.60)	0.97
ACRT, ART	1.20 (-0.17, 2.5)	-0.31 (-2.40, 1.60)	0.66 (-0.52, 1.80)	0.18
ACT, ART	0.57 (-0.67, 1.80)	-0.88 (-2.60, 0.86)	-0.017 (-1.10, 1.00)	0.15
Overall survival for G	BC patients	0.01 (0.62, 0.50)	0.00 (0.00 0.55)	0.05
ACRT, ACT	0.17 (-0.37, 0.82)	0.81 (-0.63, 2.50)	0.20 (-0.09, 0.55)	0.35
ACRT, Observation	0.25 (-0.20, 0.76)	0.55 (-0.98, 1.90)	0.25 (-0.02, 0.54)	0.67
ACT, Observation	0.061 (-0.51, 0.45)	-0.35 (-2.00, 1.30)	0.06 (-0.26, 0.30)	0.58
Overall survival for Co	CA patients	0.15 (0.00 0.70)		0.45
ACRT, ACT	0.35 (0.03, 0.81)	0.15 (-0.29, 0.72)	0.30 (-0.03, 0.81)	0.45
ACRI, ARI	1.3 (0.60, 2.00)	-0.57 (-1.10, 0.01)	0.04 (-0.51, 0.77)	0.00035
ACT, ART	0.61 (-0.02, 1.20)	-0.70 (-1.20, -0.13)	-0.27 (-0.77, 0.29)	0.0056
ACR1, Observation	0.56 (0.03, 1.30)	0.69 (-0.13, 1.70)	0.49 (0.16, 1.00)	0.77
ART, Observation	0.69 (0.27, 1.10)	-0.98 (-3.0, 1.10)	0.46 (-0.02, 0.91)	0.12
ACI, Observation	$\underbrace{0.19(-0.20, 0.59)}_{\text{C}}$	0.51 (-0.41, 1.60)	0.18 (-0.07, 0.50)	0.50
Overall survival for B	I C patients in Asia	0.02 (0.74, 0.05)	0.22 (0.27, 1.20)	0.22
ACRI, ACI	0./1 (-0.18, 1./0)	-0.02 (-0.74, 0.95)	0.33(-0.37, 1.20)	0.23
ACRI, ARI	1.3(0.53, 2.20)	-0.75(-1.50, 0.05)	0.18 (-0.56, 1.20)	0.0018
ACI, ARI	0.11 (-0.78, 1.00)	-0.27 (-1.30, 0.85)	-0.15 (-0.78, 0.56)	0.56
ACR1, Observation	0.63 (-0.040, 1.50)	2.00(-0.17, 4.30)	0.77(0.17, 1.60)	0.24
ACT, Observation	0.55(-0.11, 1.20)	-0.05/(-1.4, 1.4)	0.44(-0.06, 0.99)	0.41
AKI, Observation	0.07(0.07, 1.30)	0.71 (-0.34, 1.80)	0.39 (-0.01, 1.10)	0.90
Overall survival for B	0.16 (0.11, 0.20)	0.40 (0.28 1.20)	0.18 (0.02, 0.27)	0.40
ACRI, ACI	0.16(-0.11, 0.39)	0.49(-0.28, 1.30)	0.18(-0.02, 0.37)	0.40
ACRI, Observation	0.23(-0.01, 0.33)	0.33(-0.26, 0.89)	0.28(0.09, 0.46)	0.70
ACT, Observation	0.12 (-0.09, 0.31)	0.32(-0.48, 1.1)	0.10 (-0.00, 0.20)	0.01
ACPT ACT	0.24 (0.02, 0.48)		0.20 (0.020, 0.40)	0.86
ACRI, ACI	1.24(0.05, 0.48)	0.20(-0.17, 0.09)	0.20(0.039, 0.40)	0.80
ACKI, AKI	1.30(0.00, 1.90)	-0.74(-1.40, -0.04)	-0.01(-0.32, 0.33)	0.0000
ACI, AKI	0.59 (0.00, 1.10)	-0.82(-1.30, -0.13)	-0.21(-0.72, 0.31)	0.001
ACRT Observation	0.00 (0.15, 1.20)	-1.00(-3.00, 0.98)	$0.32 (-0.10, 0.01) \\ 0.31 (0.15, 0.52)$	0.12
ACRI, Observation	$0.51 (0.08, 0.09) \\ 0.14 (0.12, 0.42)$	$0.01 (0.11, 1.40) \\ 0.20 (0.42, 0.04)$	0.31(0.13, 0.32)	0.28
Disease free survival f	or BTC nationts	0.20 (-0.43, 0.94)	0.10(-0.04, 0.27)	0.05
ACRT ACT		0.26(0.14, 0.70)	0.32 (0.05, 0.62)	0.41
ACRT ADT	1 30 (0.60, 2, 10)	0.20(-0.14, 0.70)	0.32(0.03, 0.03)	0.41
ACT ART	$\begin{array}{c} 1.30 (0.00, 2.10) \\ 0.33 (0.27, 0.04) \end{array}$	-0.10(-0.93, 0.72) $0.20(0.02, 0.54)$	$0.41 (-0.14, 1.00) \\ 0.00 (0.44, 0.62)$	0.009
ACRT Observation	0.33 (-0.27, 0.94) 0.43 (0.17, 0.75)	$\begin{array}{c} -0.20 (-0.92, 0.04) \\ 1 10 (0.34, 1.80) \end{array}$	0.09(-0.44, 0.05)	0.27
ACT Observation	0.73(0.17, 0.73)	_0.14 (0.87 0.60)	$0.32 (0.20, 0.01) \\ 0.20 (0.03, 0.20)$	0.11
ACT, Observation	0.22 (0.04, 0.41)	-0.14 (-0.07, 0.00)	0.20 (0.05, 0.56)	0.55

ART, Observation	0.29 (-0.30, 0.86)	-0.30 (-1.90, 1.30)	0.11 (-0.41, 0.63)	0.50
Disease-free survival f	or GBC patients	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
ACRT, ACT	0.30 (-0.52, 1.20)	1.50 (-0.38, 3.30)	0.50 (-0.20, 1.30)	0.22
ACRT, Observation	0.30 (-0.47, 1.10)	-0.25 (-2.10, 1.60)	0.27 (-0.48, 0.97)	0.52
ACT, Observation	-0.28 (-1.30, 0.60)	-0.15 (-2.10, 1.80)	-0.24 (-1.10, 0.44)	0.89
Disease-free survival f	or CCA patients	· · · ·		
ACRT, ACT	1.00 (0.33, 1.70)	0.27 (-0.18, 0.78)	0.45 (0.05, 0.95)	0.09
ACRT, ART	1.30 (0.62, 2.10)	-0.14 (-1.10, 0.79)	0.53 (-0.08, 1.30)	0.017
ACT, ART	0.33 (-0.32, 0.98)	-0.19 (-0.98, 0.63)	0.09 (-0.49, 0.67)	0.32
ACRT, Observation	0.58 (0.20, 1.10)	1.40 (0.02, 2.70)	0.64 (0.29, 1.10)	0.28
ACT, Observation	0.21 (-0.04, 0.49)	-0.15 (-1.40, 1.10)	0.20 (-0.03, 0.44)	0.55
ART, Observation	0.28 (-0.33, 0.89)	-0.33 (-2.00, 1.30)	0.11 (-0.45, 0.66)	0.50
Disease-free survival f	or BTC patients in Asia			
ACRT, ACT	0.88 (0.29, 1.50)	0.25 (-0.32, 0.92)	0.50 (0.09, 1.00)	0.14
ACRT, ART	1.30 (0.56, 2.20)	0.02 (-0.99, 1.10)	0.64 (-0.01, 1.40)	0.052
ACT, ART	0.33 (-0.43, 1.10)	-0.13 (-1.00, 0.85)	0.13 (-0.49, 0.78)	0.44
ACRT, Observation	0.65 (0.21, 1.30)	1.2 (0.30, 2.10)	0.76 (0.39, 1.30)	0.31
ACT, Observation	0.30 (-0.06, 0.70)	-0.01 (-0.90, 0.99)	0.25 (-0.05, 0.59)	0.52
ART, Observation	0.28 (-0.39, 0.95)	-0.30 (-2.00, 1.40)	0.12 (-0.48, 0.72)	0.54
Disease-free survival f	or BTC patients in Weste	rn		
ACRT, ACT	0.09 (-0.51 to 0.69)	0.23 (-0.51 to 0.99)	0.09 (-0.33 to 0.55)	0.76
Disease-free survival f	or BTC patients without	distant-metastasis		
ACRT, ACT	0.48 (0.12, 0.89)	0.34 (-0.04, 0.77)	0.35 (0.09, 0.65)	0.61
ACRT, ART	1.30 (0.62, 2.00)	-0.12 (-0.94, 0.69)	0.39 (-0.17, 0.96)	0.01
ACT, ART	0.33 (-0.26, 0.92)	-0.26 (-0.98, 0.48)	0.05 (-0.46, 0.57)	0.19
ACRT, Observation	0.43 (0.18, 0.72)	0.98 (0.27, 1.70)	0.49 (0.25, 0.75)	0.16
ACT, Observation	0.15 (-0.05, 0.33)	-0.13 (-0.85, 0.62)	0.14 (-0.04, 0.30)	0.46
ART, Observation	0.29 (-0.29, 0.86)	-0.33 (-2.00, 1.30)	0.10 (-0.42, 0.62)	0.46
Nonsignificant values (P	> 0.05) indicate no incons	istency between direct and	indirect effects. NA=No	ot available;

CI=confidence interval. ACT=Adjuvant Chemotherapy; ART=Adjuvant Radiotherapy; ACRT=Adjuvant Chemoradiation therapy.

Supplementary Table 8. Comparisons of the fitness of consistency and inconsistency mode	els
ising deviance information criteria	

Item	Model	Overall	Resection margin status		Tumo	or Site	The	Non- distant	
			R0	R1	GBC	CCA	Asia	Western	metastasis
05	Consistency	46.17	15.37	16.03	16.95	31.39	226.5	11.88	37.79
US	Inconsistency	46.05	17.96	15.99	16.70	32.54	228.1	12.93	38.31
DEC	Consistency	29.93	NA	NA	9.50	22.21	22.76	7.88	23.61
DFS	Inconsistency	31.15	NA	NA	10.26	24.96	25.12	7.89	25.28

The fitness of the Bayesian model was evaluated by deviance information criteria (DIC), which is adjusted with the complexity of the model.

NA=Not applicable; OS=overall survival; DFS=disease-free survival; R0=negative resection margins;

R1=microscopic positive resection margins; GBC=gallbladder cancer; CCA= cholangiocarcinoma.

Turaturant		Rank of p	orobability	for OS (%)	Rank of probability for DFS (%)						
Treatment	1	2	3	4	SUCRA	1	2	3	4	SUCRA		
ACT	0.7	10.5	87.5	1.3	36.9	7.9	63.1	35.4	0.7	54.7		
ART	70.9	20.3	7.5	1.2	87.0	7.5	28.4	29.6	34.5	36.3		
ACRT	28.4	69.1	2.5	0.0	75.3	91.7	7.9	0.3	0.0	97.1		
Observation	0.0	0.0	2.4	<u>97.5</u>	<u>0.8</u>	0.0	0.6	34.6	<u>64.8</u>	<u>11.9</u>		

Supplementary Table 9. Ranking results of network meta-analysis for overall survival (OS) and disease-free survival (DFS).

The number in each cell represents the posterior probability of the row-defining treatment being ranked at the column-defining position. The numbers with the biggest probability of ranking first and last are in bold and underscored. ACT=Adjuvant Chemotherapy; ART=Adjuvant Radiotherapy; ACRT=Adjuvant Chemoradiation therapy.

				R	ank of prol	oability ('	%)					
Treatment	1	2	3	4	SUCRA	1	2	3	4	SUCRA		
	OS for s	studies in	cluding ol	bservatio	nal studies	DFS for studies including observationa studies						
ACT	3.8	53.7	6.4	0.0	43.2	1.6	60.3	34.6	3.4	53.4		
ART	56.4	23.2	18.3	2.1	77.9	6.9	28.9	28.1	36.0	35.6		
ACRT	39.8	53.7	6.4	0.0	77.8	91.4	8.0	0.5	0.0	97.0		
Observation	0.0	0.0	3.2	<u>96.8</u>	<u>1.1</u>	0.0	2.7	36.7	<u>60.6</u>	<u>14.1</u>		
Treatment	OS for s	studies wi	ith high q	uality		DFS for studies with high quality						
ACT	4.0	31.0	63.0	2.0	45.7	0.9	63.3	34.9	0.9	54.7		
ART	47.3	22.9	18.5	11.2	68.8	3.8	31.6	31.6	32.9	35.4		
ACRT	48.7	45.6	5.6	0.1	90.0	95.3	4.4	0.3	0.0	98.3		
Observation	0.0	0.5	6.3	<u>86.7</u>	<u>1.6</u>	0.0	0.7	33.2	<u>66.1</u>	<u>11.5</u>		
Treatment	OS for of studies	original r	eported F	IRs (95%	CI) in the	DFS for original reported HRs (95%CI) in the studies						
ACT	6.6	41.5	49.8	2.1	50.8	2.2	77.8	18.3	1.6	60.2		
ART	38.2	20.0	20.1	21.7	58.2	3.7	11.7	14.7	<u>69.9</u>	16.4		
ACRT	55.2	37.7	7.0	0.1	82.7	94.0	5.6	0.3	0.0	97.9		
Observation	0.0	0.9	23.0	76.1	8.3	0.0	4.9	66.6	28.5	25.5		

Supplementary Table 10. Rank results for OS and DFS in the sensitivity analysis.

The number in each cell represents the posterior probability of the row-defining treatment being ranked at the column-defining position. The numbers with the biggest probability of ranking first and last are in bold and underscored. ACT=Adjuvant Chemotherapy; ART=Adjuvant Radiotherapy; ACRT=Adjuvant Chemoradiation therapy.

CI=confidence interval; OS=overall survival; DFS=disease-free survival.

Treatment

Treatment	1	2	3	4	SUCRA	1	2	3	4	SUCRA		
	OS for	BTC patie	ents with l	R0 resecti	on margin	OS for	BTC patie	ents with I	R1 resection	on margin		
ACT	6.0	54.0	32.3	7.6	52.8	5.0	31.9	36.3	26.5	38.5		
ART	11.6	12.0	7.6	<u>68.8</u>	22.1	9.9	36.8	17.5	35.8	40.3		
ACRT	81.9	15.6	2.2	0.3	93.1	83.9	11.2	3.3	1.6	92.5		
Observation	0.4	18.4	57.9	23.3	32.0	28.8	1.2	20.1	<u>42.5</u>	36.2		
	OS for C	GBC patie	nts			OS for C	CCA patier	nts				
ACT	7.4	61.3	31.3	NA	38.1	1.1	15.9	75.7	7.3	37.0		
ART	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	45.4	39.8	12.2	2.7	75.9		
ACRT	90.4	8.3	1.3	NA	94.5	53.5	43.9	2.5	0.1	83.6		
Observation	2.2	30.4	<u>67.4</u>	NA	<u>17.4</u>	0.0	0.4	9.7	<u>90.0</u>	<u>3.5</u>		
	OS for H	BTC paties	nts in Asia	a		OS for E	BTC patier	nts in Wes	tern			
ACT	8.5	45.1	43.6	2.8	53.1	3.2	87.2	9.6	NA	46.8		
ART	13.5	37.1	42.7	6.7	52.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
ACRT	78.0	17.2	4.7	0.1	91.0	96.6	3.1	0.2	NA	98.2		
Observation	0.0	0.6	9.0	<u>90.5</u>	<u>3.4</u>	0.2	96.6	<u>90.1</u>	NA	<u>5.0</u>		
	OS for	BTC patie	ents witho	ut distant	metastasis	DFS for BTC patients without distant metastasis						
ACT	0.4	19.9	73.1	6.7	38.0	0.3	53.7	42.0	4.0	50.1		
ART	50.2	29.2	10.6	10.0	73.2	7.1	36.2	21.1	35.5	38.3		
ACRT	49.4	50.0	0.6	0.0	82.9	92.6	7.2	0.2	0.0	97.5		
Observation	0.0	0.9	15.7	<u>83.3</u>	<u>5.8</u>	0.0	2.9	36.6	<u>60.5</u>	<u>14.1</u>		
	DFS for	GBC pati	ients			DFS for CCA patients						
ACT	4.1	20.1	<u>75.8</u>	NA	<u>14.1</u>	1.2	57.9	38.2	2.7	52.6		
ART	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.4	35.0	28.1	32.5	37.1		
ACRT	78.2	18.0	3.8	NA	87.2	94.4	5.2	0.4	0.0	37.1		
Observation	17.7	62.0	20.4	NA	48.7	0.0	1.8	33.3	<u>64.8</u>	<u>12.3</u>		
	DFS for	BTC pati	ents in As	sia		DFS for	BTC patie	ents in We	estern			
ACT	0.9	62.8	33.3	3.0	53.9	32.3	60.4	7.3	NA	62.5		
ART	3.1	31.1	33.0	32.8	34.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
ACRT	96.0	3.8	0.2	0.0	98.6	66.4	25.2	8.5	NA	78.9		
Observation	0.0	2.3	33.4	<u>64.2</u>	<u>12.7</u>	1.3	14.5	<u>84.2</u>	NA	8.6		
		1			1.11. 0.1		~ · ·			1		

Supplementary Table 11. Ranking results for overall survival (OS) and disease-free survival (DFS) in the subgroup analysis.

Rank of probability (%)

The number in each cell represents the posterior probability of the row-defining treatment being ranked at the column-defining position. The numbers with the biggest probability of ranking first and last are in bold and underscored. NA=Not available; ACT=Adjuvant Chemotherapy; ART=Adjuvant Radiotherapy; ACRT=Adjuvant Chemoradiation therapy.



Supplementary Figure 1. Summary of results from quality assessment of three randomized controlled studies using the Cochrane risk of bias tool.



Supplementary Figure 2. Boxplots for distribution of mean age (A), percentage female (B), sample size (C), publication year (D), percentage R0 (E) and N0 (F) across comparisons.



Supplementary Figure 3. Network plots of comparisons on overall survival of treatments in subgroups analyses (patients stratified into R0, R1, GBC, CCA, Asia, Western and non-distal metastasis). (A) Comparisons on overall survival in subgroups of study patients with R0 and R1 resection margin; (B) Comparisons on overall survival in patients with GBC and CCA; (C) Comparisons on overall survival in subgroups of study patients in Asia and Western; (D) Comparisons on overall survival in patients without distal metastasis.

~		os	-R0		в		OS-C	BBC		U		OS-/	Asia	
	ACRT	0.38 (0.07 to 1.91)	0.66 (0.29 to 1.18)	0.58 (0.31 to 0.94)		ACRT	-	0.82 (0.57 to 1.09)	0.78 (0.58 to 1.02)		ACRT	0.67 (0.26 to 1.42)	0.68 (0.32 to 1.28)	0.42 (0.20 to 0.74)
-R1	1.94 (0.61 to 5.77)	ART	1.69 (0.36 to 8.38)	1.50 (0.32 to 7.42)	CA	1.03 (0.60 to 2.15)	ART	-	-	stern	-	ART	1.01 (0.50 to 2.28)	0.62 (0.34 to 1.19
So	2.00 (0.73 to 4.93)	1.02 (0.37 to 2.85)	ACT	0.88 (0.58 to 1.44)	0S-C	1.35 (0.98 to 2.25)	1.32 (0.75 to 2.15)	ACT	0.94 (0.74 to 1.30)	OS-We	1.20 (0.99 to 1.44)	-	ACT	0.62 (0.35 to 1.03)
	2.12 (0.91 to 4.72)	1.09 (0.43 to 2.87)	1.06 (0.60 to 2.01)	Observation		1.62 (1.18 to 2.81)	1.58 (0.99 to 2.47)	1.20 (0.94 to 1.65)	Observation	Ŭ	1.32 (1.09 to 1.59)	-	1.10 (0.94 to 1.30)	Observation
D					E					F				
is D	OS-I	Non-dista	ant metas	atasis	E		DFS	-GBC		F		DFS	-Asia	
tastasis D	OS-I ACRT	Non-dista 1.00 (0.59 to 1.67)	0.82 (0.67 to 0.96)	0.74 (0.60 to 0.85)	E	ACRT	DFS -	-GBC 0.60 (0.27 to 1.22)	0.76 (0.38 to 1.62)	F	ACRT	DFS 0.53 (0.25 to 1.03)	0.60 (0.36 to 0.92)	0.47 (0.28 to 0.68)
ant metastasis D	OS-I ACRT 1.50 (0.87 to 2.63)	Non-dista 1.00 (0.59 to 1.67) ART	0.82 (0.67 to 0.96) 0.81 (0.49 to 1.36)	0.74 (0.60 to 0.85) 0.73 (0.44 to 1.20)	E B	ACRT 1.68 (0.92 to 3.34)	DFS - ART	-GBC 0.60 (0.27 to 1.22) -	0.76 (0.38 to 1.62) -	estern H	ACRT	DFS 0.53 (0.25 to 1.03) ART	0.60 (0.36 to 0.92) 1.14 (0.62 to 2.18)	0.47 (0.28 to 0.68) 0.88 (0.49 to 1.61)
n-distant metastasis D	OS-I ACRT 1.50 (0.87 to 2.63) 1.44 (1.10 to 1.95)	Non-dista 1.00 (0.59 to 1.67) ART 0.96 (0.57 to 1.62)	0.82 (0.67 to 0.96) 0.81 (0.49 to 1.36) ACT	0.74 (0.60 to 0.85) 0.73 (0.44 to 1.20) 0.91 (0.74 to 1.12)	DFS-CCA m	ACRT 1.68 (0.92 to 3.34) 1.56 (1.04 to 2.52)	DFS - ART 0.93 (0.52 to 1.60)	-GBC 0.60 (0.27 to 1.22) - ACT	0.76 (0.38 to 1.62) - 1.26 (0.64 to 2.92)	JFS-Western	ACRT - 1.10 (0.71 to 1.73)	DFS 0.53 (0.25 to 1.03) ART -	-Asia 0.60 (0.36 to 0.92) 1.14 (0.62 to 2.18) ACT	0.47 (0.28 to 0.68) 0.88 (0.49 to 1.61) 0.78 (0.55 to 1.05)
FS-Non-distant metastasis D	OS-I ACRT 1.50 (0.87 to 2.63) 1.44 (1.10 to 1.95) 1.64 (1.29 to 2.14)	Non-dista 1.00 (0.59 to 1.67) ART 0.96 (0.57 to 1.62) 1.10 (0.66 to 1.83)	0.82 (0.67 to 0.96) 0.81 (0.49 to 1.36) ACT 1.14 (0.95 to 1.36)	0.74 (0.60 to 0.85) 0.73 (0.44 to 1.20) 0.91 (0.74 to 1.12) Observation	DFS-CCA H	ACRT 1.68 (0.92 to 3.34) 1.56 (1.04 to 2.52) 1.90 (1.34 to 2.95)	DFS - ART 0.93 (0.52 to 1.60) 1.13 (0.65 to 1.90)	-GBC 0.60 (0.27 to 1.22) - ACT 1.13 (0.65 to 1.90)	0.76 (0.38 to 1.62) - 1.26 (0.64 to 2.92) Observation	DFS-Western	ACRT - 1.10 (0.71 to 1.73) 1.30 (0.88 to 1.96)	DFS 0.53 (0.25 to 1.03) ART - -	-Asia 0.60 (0.36 to 0.92) 1.14 (0.62 to 2.18) ACT 1.19 (0.92 to 1.51)	0.47 (0.28 to 0.68) 0.88 (0.49 to 1.61) 0.78 (0.55 to 1.05) Observation

Supplementary Figure 4. League tables of the network meta-analysis in subgroup analyses. (A) League table of overall survival in subgroups of study patients with R0 and R1 resection margin; (B) and (E) League tables of overall survival and disease-free survival in subgroups of study patients with GBC and CCA; (C) and (F) League tables of overall survival and disease-free survival in subgroups of study patients in Asia and Western; (D) League table of overall survival and disease-free survival in subgroups of study patients without distal metastasis. Pooled hazard ratios (HRs) and 95% credible intervals (95% CIs) are listed in each cell. The estimate in each cell is for the comparison of row-defining treatment versus column-defining treatment. In the left lower half (DFS results), HR >1 favours the column-defining treatment, and in the upper right half (OS results), HR <1 favours the row-defining treatment.



Supplementary Figure 5. Network plots of comparisons on disease-free survival of treatments in subgroups analyses (patients stratified into GBC, CCA, Asia, Western and non-distal metastasis). (A) Comparisons on disease-free survival in subgroups of study patients with GBC and CCA; (B) Comparisons on disease-free survival in subgroups of study patients in Asia and Western; (C) Comparisons on disease-free survival in the subgroup of study patients without distal metastasis.



Supplementary Figure 6. Pooled estimates of the sensitivity analysis. (A) League tables of the network meta-analysis in sensitivity analyses. The estimate in each cell is for the comparison of row-defining treatment versus column-defining treatment. In the left lower half (DFS results), HR > 1 favours the column-defining treatment, and in the upper right half (OS results), HR < 1 favours the row-defining treatment. (B) Forest plots of the network meta-analysis in sensitivity analyses. Adjuvant treatments are ranked according to their surface under the cumulative ranking curve and compared with observation. Effect sizes are presented as hazard ratios (HRs) with 95% confidence intervals (95% CI). OS: overall survival; DFS: disease-free survival. First sensitivity analysis: excluding RCT studies; Second sensitivity analysis: removing low-and moderate-quality observational studies; Third sensitivity analysis: only including the studies for which HRs were reported in the original articles.



Supplementary Figure 7. The 'comparison-adjusted' funnel plot in network meta-analysis to assess funnel plot asymmetry on the efficacy outcomes. (A) Funnel plot asymmetry on the overall survival; **(B)** Funnel plot asymmetry on the disease-free survival. Funnel-plot asymmetry was tested b Egger's regression tests. No publication bias is detected when the P-value is larger than 0.05.