

Additional file 2. Questions used to assess each component of the CASCADA model

The CASCADA (conscious knowledge, attitudes, subjective norms, change intention, sense of agency, discussion, and behavior/action) model of planned behavior¹ included the following variables:

Component	Statement
Conscious knowledge	"You know what the cultural safety approach is."
Attitude	"You think that traditional medicine is important to address health problems."
Subjective norms	"Although many physicians disapprove of traditional medicine, you think that these beliefs could improve your patients' health."
Intention to change	"You are open to including your patients' cultural beliefs and practices in the health decision-making process."
Agency	"You feel prepared with the knowledge and skills to prudently incorporate your patients' cultural practices in the health decision-making process."
Discussion	"You will discuss cultural safety with other students and physicians so they can prudently incorporate their patients' cultural practices in the health decision-making process."
Action	"From now on you will seek opportunities to include the traditional knowledge and practices of your patients in your clinical practice."

¹ Andersson N. Building the community voice into planning: 25 years of methods development in social audit. BMC Health Serv Res 2011;11:S1. doi:10.1186/1472-6963-11-S2-S1